



TOURISM AUTHORITY OF THAILAND, SURIN OFFICE

355/3-6 Thetsaban 1 Road, Tambon Nai Mueang,
Amphoe Mueang, Surin 32000

Tel. 0 4451 4447-8 Fax: 0 4451 8530

E-mail: tatsurin@tat.or.th

Areas of responsibility: Surin, Buri Ram

Buri Ram

The city of sandstone sanctuaries,
land of volcanoes, beautiful silk,
and rich culture.





Buri Ram

The city of sandstone sanctuaries,
land of volcanoes, beautiful silk,
and rich culture.



Contents

How to get there	7
Attractions	
Amphoe Mueang Buri Ram	10
Amphoe Huai Rat	14
Amphoe Chaloem Phra Kiat	14
Amphoe Nang Rong	17
Amphoe Prakhon Chai	18
Amphoe Non Din Daeng	19
Amphoe Satuek	24
Amphoe Phutthaisong	25
Amphoe Na Pho	26
Amphoe Ban Dan	26
Amphoe Khu Mueang	27
Events and Festivals	30
Tour Programmes	32
Local Products and Souvenirs	36
Facilities in Buri Ram	38
Accommodation	38
Restaurants	43
Tour Operators	46
Useful Calls	50



Buri Ram – from the definition of the name means ‘city of pleasure, a city of castles, a land of ancient civilisation’. In Buri Ram province, there have been excavations that have found archaeological evidence relating to the life of humans since the prehistoric era, Dvaravati Era and most important of all are the more than 60 large and small Khmer stone sanctuaries or prasats spread throughout the province. This displays the prosperity of Buri Ram from ancient times as well as the discovery of an important archaeological site, which is the pottery kilns that date back to the 11th-15th centuries.

The thing that confirms it is a pleasant place to live for the local people and is a city that is worth stopping by for visitors is relayed through the identity of Buri Ram in various aspects; e.g., the beauty of Prasat Phanom Rung, a pink stone sanctuary on top of an extinct volcano with the amazing phenomenon that occurs 4 times a year when the sun rises and sets directly through the 15 doorways; a geological knowledge centre as it is a land of volcanoes (there are 6 volcanoes); Pha Hang Krarak silk that is a local identity, and it is a modern sports city with the I-Mobile Stadium that is FIFA standard of the Thunder Castle football team “Buriram United”.

Buri Ram province is located in the Lower Northeast and is 410 kilometres by car and 376 kilometres by train from Bangkok. It covers an area of 10,321,885 square kilometres and is the sixth largest province of the country. It is divided into 23 districts and borders nearby provinces and countries.

Boundary

- North** connects to Khon Kaen and Maha Sarakham
- South** connects to Sa Kaeo and Phanom Dongrak Mountain range which borders Thailand and Cambodia
- East** connects to Surin
- West** connects to Nakhon Ratchasima

How to get there

By Car : From Bangkok, take Highway No. 1 (Phahon Yothin Road) to Saraburi, then turn right into Highway No. 2 (Mitrphap Road). Turn right into Highway No. 24 (Chok Chai-Det Udom Road) passing Amphoe Nong Ki, Amphoe Nang Rong, then turn left into Highway No. 218 to Buri Ram. The total distance is about 410 km. Or, from Nakhon Ratchasima, take Highway No. 226 passing Amphoe Chakkarat-Huai Thalaeng-Lam Plai Mat. The total distance is 384 km.

By Bus : The Transport Company Limited provides daily ordinary and air-conditioned buses from Bangkok to Buri Ram. The buses leave the Bangkok Bus Terminal (Chatuchak or Mo Chit 2). For more information, call Tel. 0 2936 1880, 0 2936 0657, 0 2936 0667, 0 2936 2852 : Bangkok Office, Tel. 0 2793 8111, Buri Ram Office, Tel. 0 4461 5081, Buri Ram Bus Terminal, Tel. 0 4461 2534 or visit the website: www.transport.co.th. The Nakhon Chai Air Company Limited also offers buses to Buri Ram. For further details, call the Bangkok Office at Tel. 0 2936 0800, Buri Ram Office at Tel. 0 4461 4579.

By Train : There are rapid, express, ordinary trains, and diesel railcar from Bangkok-Ubon Ratchathani, Bangkok-Surin, and Nakhon Ratchasima-Ubon Ratchathani, which run through Buri Ram. For more details, call Tel. 1690, 0 2220 4444 or www.railway.co.th

By Air : There are daily flights departing Don Mueang International Airport, Bangkok to Buri Ram Airport, Amphoe Satuek, Buri Ram province. It is a distance of 35 kilometres from the airport to Amphoe Mueang Buri Ram.

- **Nok Air :** For information, contact the Nokair Call Centre Tel.1318 or www.nokair.com, and at Buri Ram Airport Tel.0 4466 6326.

Bangkok (Don Mueang) to Buri Ram

Flight	Departure	Arrival	Aircraft
DD9602	06.05	07.10	Q400
DD9608	14.20	15.25	ATR72-500
DD9616	18.20	19.25	Q400

Buri Ram to Bangkok (Don Mueang)

Flight	Departure	Arrival	Aircraft
DD9603	07.40	08.40	Q400
DD9609	14.00	17.05	ATR72-500
DD9617	19.55	21.00	Q400

* The flight schedule is subject to change. Please check with the airline before travelling.

- **Air Asia :** For information, contact the AirAsia Call Centre Tel. 02 515 9999 or www.airasia.com, Buri Ram Airport Tel. 0 4466 6326.

Bangkok (Don Mueang) to Buri Ram

Flight	Departure	Arrival	Aircraft
FD3520	12.25	13.20	A320-200

Buri Ram to Bangkok (Don Mueang)

Flight	Departure	Arrival	Aircraft
FD3521	13.45	14.40	A320-200

* The flight schedule is subject to change. Please check with the airline before travelling.

Travelling within the province

For travelling around Amphoe Mueang, visitors can take a samlo, motorcycle taxi as well as go to a shop that provides rental car services in the province. The fare must be agreed on before using the service. For travelling to other districts, there are buses from Amphoe Mueang.

Travelling to other nearby provinces

From Buri Ram Bus Terminal, there are buses to other provinces including ordinary buses to Nakhon Ratchasima, Roi Et, Khon Kaen, Surin, and air-conditioned buses to Chiang Mai, Pattaya, Rayong, Chanthaburi, Sa Kaeo, Ubon Ratchathani, Nakhon Ratchasima, and Bangkok. For details, call the Buri Ram Bus Terminal at Tel. 0 4461 2534, 0 4461 1595.

Distances from Amphoe Mueang Buri Ram to other districts

Amphoe Huai Rat	12	km.
Amphoe Ban Dan	16	km.
Amphoe Krasang	30	km.
Amphoe Lam Plai Mat	32	km.
Amphoe Khu Mueang	35	km.
Amphoe Satuek	42	km.
Amphoe Prakhon Chai	44	km.
Amphoe Phlapphla Chai	52	km.
Amphoe Nang Rong	55	km.
Amphoe Khaen Dong	57	km.
Amphoe Nong Hong	58	km.
Amphoe Chamni	58	km.
Amphoe Chaloen Phra Kiat	61	km.
Amphoe Phutthaisong	65	km.
Amphoe Ban Kruat	69	km.
Amphoe Na Pho	76	km.
Amphoe Pakham	78	km.
Amphoe Non Suwan	80	km.
Amphoe Ban Mai Chaiyaphot	83	km.
Amphoe Nong Ki	83	km.
Amphoe Non Din Daeng	96	km.
Amphoe Lahan Sai	99	km.

Distance to neighbouring provinces

Surin	52	km.
Maha Sarakham	380	km.
Nakhon Ratchasima	126	km.
Khon Kaen	230	km.
Sa Kaeo	189	km.



☞ **City Pillar Shrine** (ศาลหลักเมืองบุรีรัมย์) is a sacred site of Buri Ram and was designed by emphasising on the unique local architecture that has been preserved. It is Khmer style art appropriate with the ancient community that had



numerous sandstone sanctuaries during the time of the Khmer Empire. The position of the City Pillar Shrine is centrally located in a stupa and is a substitute for the original Siva Lingam. Its top has 5 tiers and each tier is adorned with jackfruit petals and deities of each direction that protect the city. The top of the Shrine has a lotus flower made of stained glass and is decorated with gold for the sunlight to shine on the Shrine.

One thing that creates a difference of the City Pillar Shrine of Buri Ram is the appearance of 2 pillars because most City Pillar Shrines look like they only have 1 pillar. This has caused some doubt that this pillar could become a City Pillar Shrine. If it is really a City Pillar Shrine with 2 pillars, then there are very few in Thailand.

Location-Getting There: Chira Road next to Wat Klang.

Attractions

Amphoe Mueang Buri Ram

☞ **The Monument of King Rama I** (พระบรมราชานุสาวรีย์พระบาทสมเด็จพระพุทธยอดฟ้าจุฬาโลก) Located in the city on the way to Amphoe Prakhon Chai. The monument was built in 1996 to honour King Rama I who founded Buri Ram while he was serving as Somdet Phraya Maha Kasatsuek. The monument, made from bronze, is a half larger than life-size figure and features the king in a traditional warrior outfit riding on an elephant. According to Volume 7 of the Chronicles, it states that in 1778, King Taksin commanded Somdet Phraya Maha Kasatsuek to defeat Phraya Nang Rong who conspired with Chao O and Chao In of Champasak. While they were moving the army, they found a deserted city with a strategic location on the basin of Huai Chorakhe Mak, but malaria kept the Khmer people away from the city. Those people only settled down around that area, so they gathered the people to set up Mueang Pae and appointed



the son of Phutthaisaman as the ruler and promoted him to be Phraya Nakhon Phakdi. The city was later renamed "Buri Ram".

Location-Getting There: The roundabout in front of Buri Ram Agriculture and Technology College.

☞ **I-Mobile Stadium** (สนามฟุตบอลไอ-โมบาย สเตเดียม) Is a football stadium of the renowned team "Buriram United". It is attractive and the most modern in Thailand. The Stadium can hold 32,600 spectators and is the only FIFA standard stadium that was recorded as being constructed in the least amount of time in the world of 256 days in the same year. People who have the opportunity to travel to Buri Ram province should not miss seeing it and experiencing the place that is called the "Breath of Buri Ram".



Location-Getting There: From Amphoe Mueang, take Highway 219 (Buri Ram-Prakhon Chai route) for about 5 kilometres.

☞ **Chang International Circuit** (สนามแข่งรถ ช้าง อินเตอร์เนชั่นแนล เซอร์กิต) A world-class motorsport racing circuit that has been established on an area of more than 1,000 rai with more than 4 kilometres per lap with 12 bends. It is the only racing circuit in Thailand that has received the FIA Grade 1/FIM Grade A standard, and is the only racing circuit in the world that spectators in the grandstand can see the racing of every bend.



Getting there: From Amphoe Mueang Buri Ram, take Highway No. 219 (Buri Ram-Prakhonchai route) for 5 kilometres.

☞ **Khao Kradong Forest Park** (วนอุทยานภูเขาไฟกระโดง) Is a relaxation spot and is also an ancient extinct volcano in which there are still clear visible traces of the crater. It looks like a deep pool where visitors can also walk and study volcanic rocks.



There are 2 ways to conquer the peak of Khao Kradong for tourists that want to exercise. They can walk up the stairs to the top in which there are 297 steps, or if you want convenience, you can drive to the top. Along the way, there are various Buddha images lined up sporadically. There is an ancient Khmer art ruin (Lop Buri), a replica of a Buddha's footprint and "Phra Suphattharabopit", a

large Buddha image that is enshrined on the top of mountain. It is highly respected by the local people. Tourists can see the beautiful scenic view of Amphoe Mueang from the top of this mountain.

It is 265 metres above mean sea level. Be excited walking across the crater by using the suspension bridge (slider), descend into the crater and see the marvellous plant species, which is the result of SchreberaswietenioidesRoxb. that is rare and only found in legends that grows upward in accordance with the old volcano.

In the nearby area, there is the WuttiSawat Reservoir or Khao Kradong Reservoir is located in front of the Khao Kradong Forest Park Office. By the banks of the Reservoir are indigenous and migratory birds that escape the winter from various locations and inhabit the surrounding area; e.g., White-breasted waterhen, egret, grebe, cotton pygmy goose, pheasant-tailed jacana, little cormorant, bronze-winged jacana, lesser whistling duck, etc. The area is suitable for camping and relaxing to do birdwatching and studying the flora. Besides this, visitors can see the image of Phra Suphattharabopit on top of Khao Kradong as well. As such, tourists that love nature and taking photos of numerous species of birds should not miss this reservoir.

The Khao Kradong Forest Park and WuttiSawat Reservoir are open daily. For those people who are interested in camping or doing recreational activities, they can ask for further information at the Khao Kradong Forest Park Tel. 0 4463 7349, or e-mail : khaokradong volcano@gmail.com

Location-Getting There: Is located at Ban Nam Sap, Tambon Samet, Amphoe Mueang. From Amphoe Mueang, take Highway No. 219 (Buri Ram-Prakon Chai route) for 7 kilometres.

☞ **Phra Borom That Chedi Sri Suwachana Khu Nanuson (Wat Pha Khao Noi)** (พระบรมธาตุเจดีย์ศรีสุวชนคณานุสรณ์ (วัดป่าเขาน้อย)) Is located in Wat

Pha Khao Noi at Kilometre 7 on Highway No. 219. Travel past the route to Khao Kradong Forest Park for about 800 metres. Wat Pha Khao Noi is a forest temple of the Luangpu Man Purithatto tradition that follows the resolve of Phra Phothithamachanthera or Luangpu Suwat Suwachadit, abbot and Vipasanna master, who is highly respected by the people. Besides being an ancient temple, Wat Pha Khao Noi is located close to the city and convenient for accessing. It also has unspoiled mountain forest that is suitable for meditation. In addition, there is Phra Borom That Chedi Sri Suwachon Khun Anuson that has beautiful art designs of a stone sanctuary of the Khmer period. It has a height of more than 31 metres. The interior is a 2-tiered building and it has been designed so that the area below can be used for praying and there is an area that displays historical photographs of Luangpu Suwat. On the second floor, are enshrined his statue and ashes for



the people to pay homage in which the opening was presided over by Luangta Maha Bua Yannasampanno on 6 April 2007.

Location-Getting There : Is located in Wat Pha Khao Noi 8 kilometres from Amphoe Mueang. Travel past the route to Khao Kradong Forest Park for about 800metres following Highway No. 219.

🌀 **Huai Talat Reservoir Non-Hunting Area** (เขตห้ามล่าสัตว์ป่าอ่างเก็บน้ำห้วยตลาด) Was declared a non-hunting area in 1992. From a survey, it was found that every year there are more than 100 species of birds coming to inhabit here. This is especially so in winter from November-February in which there are flocks of migratory birds. Some are endangered and are difficult to spot; e.g., knob-billed duck and painted stork. In the early morning and evening of the aforementioned period, visitors can see various flocks of birds in the sky. This is regarded as a beautiful picture of animal life and nature that birdwatchers should not miss.

Location-Getting There : Tambon Sakae Sam, which is 12 kilometres from Amphoe Mueang by following Highway No. 219 (Buri Ram-Prakhon Chai route). It is next to the Huai Talat Reservoir.

Amphoe Huai Rat

🌀 **Ban SanuanNok Silk Tourism Community** (ชุมชนท่องเที่ยวไหมบ้านสวนนอก) A silk tourism community that has an interesting history that has been in this area for more than 150 years. Originally, this area was a thick forest of Sanuan trees. Ban SanuanNok is located at Mu 2, Tambon Sanuan, Amphoe Huai Rat. The local villagers use the local Khmer dialect and live a simple harmonious lifestyle. Most of them have inherited the wisdom of planting mulberry, raising silkworms and weaving, which they have received since ancient times. The original silk design is called the Pha Lai Hang Krarok pattern. Besides this, there is a tourism learning base like a group (planting mulberry, raising silkworms and weaving; basketry-woodcarving; local game of Rueam Trot; making Khanom Tot Mu Tom Ma, a local sweet, etc.) There is also homestay accommodation and visitors can buy community products.

Getting there : It is located at Mu 2, Tambon Sanuan. Take the local road (Huai Rat-Krasangroute) from Amphoe Huai Rat for 2 kilometres or from Amphoe Mueang Buri Ram, it is 12 kilometres.

Amphoe Chaloem Phra Kiat

🌀 **Phanom Rung Historical Park** (อุทยานประวัติศาสตร์พนมรุ้ง) Is a Hindu shrine to pay homage to the God Shiva (the words "Phanom Rung" or "Won Rung" comes from Khmer language and means "large mountain"). It was continuously reconstructed in various eras since the 10th-13th centuries, and in the 14th century, King Jayavarman

VII of the Khmer Empire converted to Mahayana Buddhism; thus, it was transformed to be a Buddhist site at that time.

Prasat Hin Phanom Rung faces the east. It comprises the building and various constructions that are positioned in an orderly



manner from the slope going upwards to the principal prang on the mountaintop like a castle that is the residence of the God Shiva. At the start of the staircase is a pool and three levels pass upward to the pavilion at the first level. From there is a path that has a row of pillars on both sides of the edge of the path. This pathway leads to the bridge of the Nak Rat (serpent king) that is like a link between the humans' world and heaven. Next to the path to the north is a laterite pavilion that is called Rong Chang Phuek (white elephant house). At the end of the bridge of the Nak Rat is a staircase going upward to the Prasat in which there are shelters on the way of the 5 levels. At the end of the staircase is a spacious platform that is a way to the bridge of the Nak Rat. In front of the main entrance is a balcony. This is the main way that will pass to enter the inner courtyard of the Prasat, and from this doorway there is a bridge of the Nak Rat at another section before entering the principal prang.

The main prang is situated in the centre of the inner enclosure which is in a cruciform shape with indented corners, with a rectangular antechamber known as a Mondop in the front. All parts of the principal tower, which comprises colonnettes, pilasters, lintels, pediments, false windows and various roof stages, as well as antefixes were beautifully carved into various designs: floral and foliage motifs, hermits, and directional deities. The dancing Siva on the front pediment of the principal tower, as well as other details and carved designs indicate that the principal tower, stairway, and Naga bridges were built during the 12th century.

Inside the inner enclosure on the southwestern direction is situated a small prang, without a roof. From artistic evidence seen on the carved lintels and pediments, it is assumed that the prang was built before the principal prang and dates around the 11th century.

Apart from that, there is another prang's base made from brick dating back even older or around the 10th century. It is located to the northeast of the principal tower. At the northeastern and southeastern corners, there are rectangular laterite buildings which date back to the 13th century, the same age as the laterite pavilion near the processional walkway that was called the "Elephant Stable". The Fine Arts Department has renovated Prasat Hin Phanom Rung using the Anastylis technique-by disintegrating the stone blocks and putting a code on each of them. Then, they reinforced the base and put the disintegrated, together with scattered, pieces back in their original places using a modern technique.

On the occasion of the Thai Heritage Conservation Day in 1988, Phanom Rung Historical Park was officially opened by HRH Princess Maha Chakri Sirindhorn on May 21, 1988.

Phanom Rung Historical Park is open everyday from 6.00 a.m.-6.00 p.m. Admission is 100 Baht. For those who wish to visit both Prasat Mueang Tam and Prasat Phanom Rung, they can buy a tour package 150 Baht. For more details, contact the Phanom Rung Historical Park Office at Tel. 0 4478 2715, Fax 0 4478 2717.

To Get to Phanom Rung Historical Park

By Car : From Buri Ram, there are two routes to get to Phanom Rung:

1. Buri Ram-Nang Rong Route (Highway No. 218) for 50 km. Turn left into Highway No. 24 and drive for 14 km. to Ban Tako, turn into Ban Ta Pek, Amphoe Chaloem Phra Kiat and drive for 12 km. to Phanom Rung.

2. Buri Ram-Prakhon Chai Route or Highway No. 219 for 44 km. From Amphoe Prakhon Chai, there is a junction to Phanom Rung for 21 km. (This route also passes Prasat Mueang Tam).

By Bus : From Mo Chit Bus Terminal take the Bangkok-Phanom Rung bus. Buy the ticket at sales counters Nos. 94 -103, or from Nakhon Ratchasima, take bus No. 274 (Khorat-Surin). When departing the Nang Rong Bus Terminal, disembark at the Ban Tako T-junction (14 kilometres from Nang Rong). Then take a songthaeo or motorcycle taxi to the Phanom Rung Historical Park (agree on the price first).

☞ **Wat Khao Angkhan** (วัดเขาอังคาร) Ankhan Volcano or Khao Angkhan is an extinct volcano. The top of the mountain is the location of Wat Khao Angkhan in which ancient ruins and numerous Bai Sema boundary stones of the Dvaravati Era were discovered here. Its highlight is the applied architecture of various eras together. In the temple, there

are 3 spires that are surrounded by 109 Buddha images. It also has Bai Sema boundary stones and an outdoor reclining Buddha image. Inside the ordination hall are wall murals about the Buddhist Jataka tales in the English language.

Location-Getting There : It is located at Ban Charoensuk. From Highway No. 24 (Buri Ram-Nang Rong-Prakhon Chai route - the same route to Prasat Phanom Rung.) From Amphoe Nang Rong, go on for 11 kilometres till reaching an intersection. Take the right-hand side route to go to Ban Si Liam and do a U-turn to enter the village. Go straight ahead for another 8 kilometres till reaching Ban Charoensuk and look for the way up to Wat Khao Angkhan.



☞ **Pha Phu Akhani, Ban Charoensuk Community** (ผ้าภูอัคนีชุมชนบ้านเจริญสุข) This is cotton dyed with volcanic soil of the Ban Charoensuk community, Amphoe Chaloem Phra Kiert, Buriram province. The Angkhan volcanic soil is believed to be sacred in accordance with the geography. This soil has an appearance similar to a Garuda lying on its stomach that is enshrined at Wat Khao Angkhan, which brought this soil to be used as the raw material in the process of dyeing cloth, which is believed to be auspicious for the people wearing it. The cloth dyed with the volcanic soil will



be a light brown and reddish brown colour. It will also be soft, light, cool, and the colour will be durable.

Getting there : It is located at Ban Charoensuk. Take Highway No. 24 (Buri Ram-Nang Rong-Prakhonchai route or the same way to Prasat Phanom Rung). From Amphoe Nang Rong, it is 11 kilometres where you will reach an intersection. Then turn right and head towards Ban Si Liam, do a U-turn to go towards the village going straight on for 8 kilometres to reach Ban Charoensuk where you will see the way up to Wat Khao Angkhan.

Amphoe Nang Rong

☞ **Nong Ta Kai "Silk Village"** (หมู่บ้านท่องเที่ยวการผลิตไหม "หนองตาไ้") is a small village of Buri Ram province comprising Ban Nong Ta Kai and Nong Ta Kai Noi. The local people call themselves as "Thai Nang

Rong”, as they are Thai people of Lao descent who migrated from Si Sa Khet province. They live a simple lifestyle and have inherited growing white mulberry for silk and weaving silk since ancient times. Tourists can see the way of life of producing silk from the beginning to the processing and creativity of the designs on the cloth. There are guides in the village that will facilitate tourists, and if visitors would like to see cultural performances or overnight in the community atmosphere of the village, there are homestays providing services.



Location-Getting There :

Ban Nong Ta Kai and Nong Ta Kai Noi are located on Highway No. 218 (Nang Rong-Buri Ram route) 14 kilometres from Amphoe Nang Rong and 41 kilometres from Amphoe Mueang.

Amphoe Prakhon Chai

☞ **Prasat Hin Mueang Tam** (ปราสาทหินเมืองต่ำ) Situated in Tambon Chorakhe Mak, it is one of the Khmer sanctuaries with the most outstanding architecture in Buri Ram. There is no clear evidence when the sanctuary was built or who created it. The architecture features the Baphuon style of Khmer art which dates between 1007-1082 and mixed with the Kleang style which dates between 965-1012. Most of the bas-reliefs depict Hindu gods, so it is assumed that the sanctuary might have been built around the 10th-12th centuries and used as a religious shrine in Hinduism.

The building comprises five brick prangs built on the same laterite base. All of them were built in two rows: three prangs in the front and two at the back. The principal tower in the middle of the front row is the biggest one. At present, only the base remains. Remains of the other 4 towers are not in good condition. Each prang has only one entrance at the eastern direction, with false doors at the other 3 directions. The principal tower also has a front portico. Excavation at the site found a lintel of the portico carved into a god holding a water lily sitting on Kala's face and surrounded by male and female figures believed to depict the wedding of the God Siva and his consort Parvati, and pediment carved into God Indra riding on his Airavata or Erawan elephant. Meanwhile, the lintel of the prang itself was carved into a god kneeling above Kala's face. They also found fragments of stucco relief decorating the base, indicating that this main prang was once beautifully decorated with stucco. The other four smaller prang towers still have two lintels attached above the entry doorways: one at the northern tower in the front row, and the other at the southern tower of the back row. The lintels were carved into God Siva holding Uma (Parvati) on his

lap and sitting on his bull Nandin, and God Varuna riding the swan, respectively. The excavation also found the prang's top made from sandstone and carved into a lotus shape, falling in pieces around the prang's base. In front of the prang complex, there are two wihans or viharas which were made from brick and face the two side prangs in the front rows. All buildings are surrounded by two walls. The inner square wall is formed by a long, narrow sandstone gallery. The outer wall is made from laterite. There are entrance pavilions or Gopuras in four directions at the same positions of both walls. All of the Gopuras, except for the inner one in the western direction were made from sandstone, delicately carved into various designs such as pediments, lintels, pilasters, etc. They depict the story about the Hindu religion and foliage and floral designs.

Between the inner and outer walls is a large platform made from laterite. There are L-shaped moats or barays at the four corners. The moats were lined with laterite and made into steps down to the bottom. The top edge of the moats was made from sandstone, featuring a Naga body with its neck stretching at the baray's corners. They are five-headed Nagas, all bald-headed without any ornaments. Prasat Hin Mueang Tam is open daily from 06.00-18.00 Hrs. Entrance fee: 100 Baht. For those who wish to visit both Prasat Mueang Tam and Prasat Phanom Rung, they can buy a tour package 150 Baht. For more details, call Tel. 0 4478 2715.

Getting there : From Buri Ram, take Highway No. 219 then take Highway No. 24 and turn left onto Highway No. 2117. Look for Prasat Mueang Tam, which is about 8 kilometres from Phanom Rung.



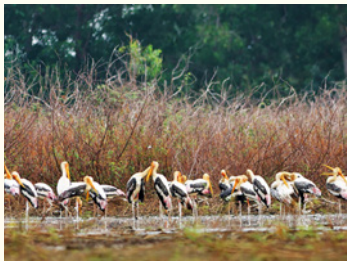
☞ **Ban Khok Mueang, a Cultural Village** (หมู่บ้านวัฒนธรรมบ้านโคกเมือง) Ban Khok Mueang Homestay received the Thai Homestay Standard 2012-2014. Come and stay to see the way of life of the

local people with numerous occupational groups; such as, reed mats, silk weaving, knitting, etc. It is a village that was selected to be 1 in 80 OVC villages (OTOP Village Champion) in 2006 in the category as a Cultural Village. This was because the village is the location of Prasat Mueang Tam and has developed the local resources to be national level products including woven cloth or Phak Kut silk, a handcraft that the villagers have admired and passed down from ancient times from generation to generation. Besides this, there are reed mat products with beautiful patterns that are incomparable to elsewhere, and Khao Hang Phu Khao Fai that is locally grown jasmine rice and has minerals from its source that is an extinct volcano. Khao Hang has benefits for health from the vitamins, minerals and high fibre. It received the 5-star Community Product Standard in 2012. Ban Khok Mueang is located next to Prasat Mueang Tam, an important tourist attraction of Buri Ram.

Getting there : From Amphoe Mueang Buri Ram, take Highway No. 219. Then turn onto Highway No. 24 and then left onto Highway No. 2117 to reach Ban Khok Mueang before arriving at Prasat Mueang Tam.

☞ **Ang Kep Nam Sanam Bin Non-hunting Area** (เขตห้ามล่าสัตว์ป่าอ่างเก็บน้ำสนามบิน) Is located in Tambon Prakhonchai, Amphoe Prakhonchai and was established in 1955 for irrigation and consumption purposes. The area used to be a landing field for the American air force during World War 2. After that, numerous species of birds came to inhabit the area, so on 13 April, 1980, it was declared as a non-hunting area. A survey found that there are more than 150 species of birds comprising both indigenous and migratory species during winter, especially during November-March.

To get there : From Amphoe Mueang, travel for 30 kilometres along Highway No. 219 (Buri Ram-Prakhonchai route). Before reaching Amphoe Prakhonchai, the Ang Kep Nam Sanam Bin Non-hunting Area will be seen on the left-hand side.



Amphoe Ban Kruat

☞ **Stone Quarry** (แหล่งหินตัด) It is situated in Wat Pa Thammasilaram, and in the areas of Ban Sai Tri 3 and Ban Sai Tri 4 near the Thai-Cambodian border, approximately 7 km. from Amphoe Ban Kruat, on the Ban Kruat-Ta Phraya route (Highway No. 224 at Km 146) and another 3 km. on the concrete road off the route. The quarry

is where sandstone was cut by ancient Khmer people for use as a construction material to build sanctuaries in the lower northeastern region, covering an area of over 4,600 rai near Khao Kloi and Khao Krachiao. Interestingly, some stones were made into a row of holes, some were chiselled into slabs, and there are also blocks of stones which were cut into rectangular shapes.

Getting There : Take Highway No. 2075 (Lahan Sai-Ban Kruat route) and at Km. marker 30 turn right and follow the local road for another 2 kilometres then turn left.

☞ Ancient Kiln Sites

(แหล่งเตาเผาโบราณ) Archaeologists found numerous ancient kilns and ceramics during their surveys. The kilns date from around the 9th-10th century and served as a



large production centre for Khmer ceramics that supplied other nearby cities. The Fine Arts Department have excavated in 2 locations, Sawai kilns and Nai Chian kilns, which are 5 and 10 kilometres respectively from Amphoe Ban Kruat. The ceramics that have been excavated can be seen at the South Isan Cultural Centre, Buri Ram Rajabhat University or Phimai National Museum, Nakhon Ratchasima province.

Getting There: Take Highway No. 2075 (Lahan Sai-Ban Kruat route) and at Km. marker 31 turn left to enter Amphoe Ban Kruat and go straight on for another 3 kilometres then turn right and go on for 5 kilometres.

☞ **Wat Pa Lahan Sai** (วัดป่าละหานทราย) Wat Pa Lahan Sai was established in 1989. In the past, Phra Khru Priyatyakon (Phiphatinthawiro พิพัฒน อินทวิโร Po.Tho.3) was the Abbot and Vice Abbot of Amphoe Lahan Sai. Sacred objects in the temple include the Phuttha Rom Pho Wihan, a monument containing the Buddha's Relics from Sri Lanka and India, and a jade Buddha statue with a lap size of 60 inches that was built to celebrate the Sixtieth Anniversary Celebrations of King Bhumibol Adulyadej's Accession to the Throne in 2007.

In 2009, Wat Pa Lahan Sai built another wihan that was 12 metres wide and 30 metres long. It was completely constructed of wood in the ancient carpentry methods of using punching and carving. The roof is covered with teak wood tiles to celebrate the 82nd birthday of King Bhumibol Adulyadej as well as has a carved white jade Buddha image with a lap size of 82 inches by Somdet Phra Phutthachan (Kiao Uppaseno), who acted on behalf of His Holiness the Supreme Patriarch and named the image "Phra Phuttha Mongkon Mahachon Ahipuchami".



Getting there : From Amphoe Mueang Buri Ram, take Highway No. 218 to Amphoe Nang Rong. From there, take Highway No. 3001 (Nang Rong-Lahan Sai route) and when reaching Amphoe Lahan Sai take Highway No. 224 and then 4013. The distance from Amphoe Nang Rong is 34 kilometres.

Amphoe Non Din Daeng

☞ Rao Su Monument

(อนุสาวรีย์เราสู้) Situated on the Lahan Sai-Ta Phraya route (Highway No. 348). It was built in 1979 to commemorate the brave undertakings of civilians, police officers, and soldiers who lost their lives during the battle with the communists



To get there : From Amphoe Non Din Daeng, take Highway No. 348 (Amphoe Non Din Daeng-Amphoe Ta Phraya, Sa Kaeo province route). At Kilometre 5, the Rao Su Monument can be seen on the left-hand side.

☞ **Lam Nang Rong Dam** (เขื่อนลำน้ำรอง) It is about 800 metres from Rao Su Monument. It is the area under a Royal Project for security development. Lam Nang Rong Dam is an earthen dam with an asphalt road along the crest where one can see the view. There are also restaurants situated around the dam. The dam is used for agriculture and is a good spot for relaxation. There is accommodation, a meeting room, and camping ground for those who want to stay overnight. Contact the Lam Nang Rong Operation and Maintenance Project Office during office hours. Tel. 0 4460 6336 ext. 159, 08 6874 9149

To get there : From Amphoe Non Din Daeng, take Highway No. 348 (Amphoe Non Din Daeng-Amphoe Ta Phraya, Sa Kaeo province route). At Kilometre 5, turn left passing the Rao Su Monument and continue on for another 800 metres.



☞ **Prasat Nong Hong** (ปราสาทหนองหงส์) Situated at Ban Non Din Daeng, it is a small archaeological site comprising three prangs made from brick on a single laterite base, facing east. Each prang has only one front entrance, with false doors on the other three sides. The three prangs has a square-shaped plan with 12 indented corners. The central prang is bigger than the side prangs.

Originally, it must have had many beautiful lintels, among them is the one of the northern prang carved into God Vishnu riding on Garuda above Kala's face whose hands hold a garland. The other two prangs in the middle and the south also have similar lintels, though with a different centrepiece. The one at the central prang was carved into God Indra riding on Erawan elephant, and the one at the southern prang depicts the God Siva riding on his bull. In front of the middle prang is a walkway, with staircases in front and on both sides. There is also a library, made from laterite, facing the southern prang. All the buildings are surrounded by a laterite wall, with a Gopura at the front and back, and a U-shaped moat. The age of the prasat can be judged from its architectural structure and style of art, which is similar to the Baphuon style of Khmer art, that dates from around the 11th century.

Getting There : It is about 100 metres from the Lam Nang Rong Dam.



☞ **Dong Yai Wildlife Sanctuary** (เขตรักษาพันธุ์สัตว์ป่าดงใหญ่) Is part of the Dong Yai National Park covering an area of 631,250 rai. It is the last unspoiled forest of Buri Ram province and is the source of important rivers; such as, the Huai Nang Rong, Hua Lam Plai Mat that is the lifeline for the people of Buri Ram and the surrounding provinces. It comprises vast areas of unspoiled tropical rain forest and is the habitat of wildlife including mainland serow, elephant, wild bull, banteng, tiger, bear, barking deer, hyena, monkeys, monitor lizard, soft-shelled turtle, snakes, and more than 150 species of birds. In addition, there are numerous forest resources that have economic

value like makha mong (afzelia xylocarpa), Burmese Ebony, Takhian Hin (hopea ferrea), Resak Tembaga, Blackwood, Rosewood, Yang Khao (Dipterocarpus Alatus), Almond Wood, Yellow Poinciana, Barking Deer's Mango, Stikn Bean, etc. Interesting tourist attractions include Laling Roi Ru that has a large shallow lake with a natural spring appearing that feeds the forest and produces the perfect conditions for various species of plants and animals to breed. Lalu There is also an area where the soil has eroded similar to Phae Mueang Phi in the area of the Khlong Pong Forest Protection Unit. Khao Krachio comprises dry dipterocarp forest and has Siam Tulips and Gustavia flowers growing there abundantly during the rainy season. Khao Krapot it is a prominent mountain in the middle of the Dong Yai Forest with a height of 503 metres above sea level, and has a cliff face where there is a clear view of the Dong Yai Forest. Furthermore, there are more than 50,000 butterflies of 100 species inhabiting this forest. To get to Laling Roi Ru, travel for 8 kilometres from the Dong Yai Wildlife Sanctuary on the Non Din Daeng-Ta Phraya route then turn right for another 12 kilometres to the Laling Roi Ru Forest Protection Unit. Along the way is a place where it is possible to see butterflies during May-July of each year with the most during June. The most appropriate time to see them is in the morning, as this is the time when butterflies will be looking for leaves to sunbathe and let their wings become strong and healthy before leaving to search for food.



Getting There : From Amphoe Mueang, follow Highway No. 348 (Buri Ram-Ta Phraya route) for approximately 98 kilometres. From the Lam Nang Rong Dam go on for 10 kilometres till reaching the Dong Yai Wildlife Sanctuary. For more information, contact

the Dong Yai Wildlife Sanctuary Tel. 0 4460 6287.

Amphoe Satuek

Big Buddha Image or Phra Phuttharup Patima Santayaphirom Satuek Udom Ratnimitmunin

(พระพุทธรูปใหญ่ หรือพระพุทธรูปปฏิมาสันตยาภิรมย์สถิตกอุดมราชภูริมิตมุนิน) is a big standing Buddha image on the bank of the Mun River, opposite the Satuek District Office. The Buddha image is highly revered by local people

in Amphoe Satuek and nearby provinces. During the long-boat races festival when a lot of people come to Satuek



Chao Pho Wang Kruk Shrine (ศาลเจ้าพ่อวังกรุด)

This sacred object that the people of Amphoe Satuek and surrounding districts give a lot of respect is more than 90 years old and follows the belief that the river is a palace that has deities or sacred things residing there. In that area, the people of Amphoe Satuek have given it the name of "Wang Kruk". As such, it has Chao Pho Wang Kruk protecting the area. From this, the Chao Pho Wang Kruk Shrine was established by the bank of the Mun River, so that the people can pay homage. In addition, every year, there are traditional long boat races with more than 50 vessels, and before racing they make a procession comprising all the boats from the front of the Satuek District Administrative Office following the river to pay respect to Chao Pho Wang Kruk, who is believed to be nearby. This is a characteristic of the long boat races of Buri Ram province that is not found anywhere else in Thailand.



To get there : From Amphoe Mueang, take Highway No. 219 (Buri Ram-Satuek route) for 40 kilometres. Chao Pho Wang Kruk Shrine and the large Buddha image are located in Amphoe Satuek.

Amphoe Phutthaisong

Phrachao Yai Wat Hong (พระเจ้าใหญ่วัดหงษ์)

It is an old Laotian-style Buddha image in the posture of subduing Mara, which was built during the late Ayutthaya period, or around the 18th century. The lap is 1.6 metres wide



and the height is 2 metres. It was made from laterite and features local folk arts. The Buddha image is located at Wat Hong or Wat Sisa Raet. People pay high respect to the Buddha image and call it "Phrachao Yai" which in the northeastern dialect, it does not mean big size but means the great sacred power, especially when one makes a wish or vow. It has been said that those who fail to fulfil their promise would have an accident or face a bad event. A lot of people go there and promise that they would stop drinking and ask that the Buddha image always prevent them from having bad luck. Also, there was the discovery of "mixed posture" amulets made from bronze as well as Buddha images carved from rhino's horn underneath the base of Phrachao Yai. On the 14th day of the waxing moon or 1st day of the waning moon of the 3rd lunar month every year, there is a big celebration for this Buddha image. A lot of people from Amphoe Phutthaisong and other provinces come to pay respect to the Buddha image.

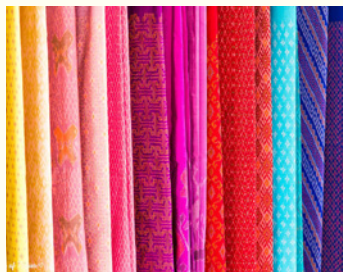
Getting There : From the Phutthaisong Market, when reaching the intersection, turn right and take the route going to Phayakkhaphum Phisai for 1 kilometre and then there will be an intersection to enter the temple. Go on for 2 kilometres.

Amphoe Na Pho

🌀 **Silk Weaving Village of Amphoe Na Pho** (ศูนย์หัตถกรรมผ้าไหม อำเภอนาโพธิ์) Is located at the Amphoe Na Pho Administrative Office and is a silk attraction, especially for Mutmi silk that has received support for the development of skills, standard of production, and patterns and colours from the Royal Folk Arts and Craft Centre under the royal patronage of H.M. Queen Sirikit. For more information, please call the Amphoe Na Pho Silk Handicrafts Centre Tel. 0 4468 1657, 08 1967 3849.

🌀 **Silk Weaving Village of Amphoe Na Pho under the royal patronage of HM Queen Sirikit** (ศูนย์ศิลปาชีพพิเศษทอผ้าไหม ในพระราชูปถัมภ์บ้านนาโพธิ์) Is located at Mu 1, Tambon Na Pho, Amphoe Na Pho (behind Ran Pha Tum Thong). It is where high quality silk is produced by the Silk Weaving Vocational Centre Group as an OTOP product, and sent for sale to the Suan Chitrlada Support Foundation and the world market; for example, France, USA, etc. Most importantly it is another source of income for the local community. For more information, please contact Khun S aeng Deuan Tel. 0 4468 6044.

To get there : Take Highway No. 2074 (Buri Ram-Khu Mueang-Phutthaisong). From Amphoe Phutthaisong, turn left



for about 5 kilometres toward Highway No. 2061. Then take a right turn onto Highway No. 2332 (Phutthaisong-Na Pho), which is a distance of 10 kilometres to Amphoe Na Pho where visitors will see the entrance to the Centre near Settakij Road.

Amphoe Ban Dan

🌀 **Wat Ko Kaeo Thudong Khasatan Or Wat Rahan** (วัดเกาะแก้วอุดมคสถานหรือวัดระหาน) is located at Tambon Ban Dan, Amphoe Ban Dan, Buri Ram province and covers an area of 15 rai. It was built in 1993 and declared a Buddhist temple on 29 September, 2000. Phra Khru Khem Khun Sophon (Luangpu Chantaram Khemasiri) is the abbot. The interior of the temple has the Sri Buri Ram Chedi in which the foundation stone was laid on 30 May, 1993 and began construction in 1994. The abbot has stated that it is to be the main chedi of Buri Ram province and a sacred place of worship of the Buddha for Buddhists. The features of the chedi are a blend of contemporary and Khmer art styles and cover an area of 3 rai with a base 38 x 38 metres, 60 metres high with 4 floors.

1st Floor : Multi-purpose hall;
2nd Floor : For meditation purposes;
3rd Floor : Ubosot, museum, and photographs and items of monks, well-known persons,

4th Floor : The relics of the Buddha in which the Chairman of the Ecclesiastical Council of Sri Lanka

and the abbot of Wat Sri Veluwanaram, Sri Lanka enshrined them in 1994 as well as a shoot of the Bo tree in the chedi. There is also another tree behind the chedi, which is from India. In addition, Buddhists can travel to Wat Ko Kaeo Thudong Khasatan to experience the serenity and shade of the trees and the peacocks around the temple grounds.

To get there : follow Highway No. 219 (Buri Ram-Satuek route) to Kilometre 18. Turn right for another 1.2 kilometres to Wat Ko Kaeo Thudong Khasathan.



Amphoe Khu Mueang

🌀 **Play La Ploen Resort and Adventure Camp** (เพลลาเพลิน รีสอร์ท แอนด์ แอดเวนเจอร์แคมป์) Experience adventure with replicas of the world's wonders that have been adapted to be exciting activities; such as, abseiling from the Eiffel Tower, climbing the Great Wall of China, the Tower Bridge of rope, etc. Bring the whole family and kids to have fun in the Kid Zone to feed the sheep and stay overnight in the boutique resort, which is decorated in an European and Asian style atmosphere. Besides this, there is a floral park that has a rotating display of plants following the seasons.

Getting There : Take Highway No. 2074 (Buri Ram-Khu Mueang route) to Km. marker 32. On the right is Play La Ploen Resort and Adventure Camp. It is open Monday-Friday 08.00-18.00 Hrs., weekends 18.00-19.00 Hrs.







Events and Festivals

Aside from important religious days, Songkran Day, and New Year's Day, Buri Ram also has other local festivals such as the festival of the 5th lunar month when the locals would make merit, bathe Buddha images and senior people, perform traditional sports; such as, Saba, tug of war, etc. In some areas like Amphoe Phutthaisong, there is the Bang Fai traditional rocket dance, Khao Phansa (the Beginning of Buddhist Lent), and Loi Krathong in the 12th lunar month. Some of the local festivals include:

🌀 **Phanom Rung Festival** (งานประเพณีขึ้นเขาพนมรุ้ง) Phanom Rung Sanctuary was once a sacred Hindu shrine which was later changed into a religious site for Buddhism. During the time it was deserted, a replica of the Buddha's footprint was taken to be enshrined at Prang Noi. It has become a tradition for local people to ascend to the mountaintop to pay respect to the Buddha's footprint and put gold leaf on it. Every year, on the full moon day of the 5th lunar month, there is an annual festival to pay respect to the site. Because Phanom Rung is a beautiful and important historical site, the province also organizes an annual festival on the first weekend of April when there will be a colourful parade following ancient royal Khmer tradition, as well as a light-and-sound show at Phanom Rung Sanctuary.

🌀 **Ban Kruat Tradition and Thousand Year Porcelain Festival** (งานเครื่องเคลือบพันปี ประเพณีบ้านกรวด) This is held in April of every year (before the Phanom Rung Festival) at the Amphoe Ban Kruat Administration Office. It is a local tradition and highlights include exhibitions of ancient porcelain, porcelain procession and contest, local music and sports contests, and cultural exchanges between countries. For more information, please contact the Buri Ram Provincial Culture Office, Ban Kruat branch Tel. 0 4467 9014, 08 6225 6533.

🌀 **Buri Ram Long Boat Races** (ประเพณีแข่งเรือยาวจังหวัดบุรีรัมย์) It is organized annually on the first weekend of November when the Mun River is high. Oarsmen from Buri Ram and other nearby provinces would gather to join the boat racing which is held in front of Amphoe Satuek's District Office. Each year, there are about

40-50 boats joining the competition. There is also a parade of fancy decorated boats during the event. Boat racing was once a traditional festival celebrated among friends and relatives so to pay homage to Chaopho Wang Krut, a spirit named after a whirlpool in the Mun River. Since 1986, it has become a festival of the province.

🌀 **Isan Kite Festival Buriram** (งานมหกรรมว่าวอีสานบุรีรัมย์) Held annually at the sports stadium in Amphoe Huai Rat on the third weekend of December, or during the harvest season when the cold northeastern wind blows. At this time of the year, local people would make "aek" kite-a traditional kite of the northeastern people. Buri Ram province organized the first Isan Kite Festival in 1986, so to conserve and publicize the local tradition of the Lower Northeast. There is also a kite competition among the locals who come from every district and village around there. A kite to enter the competition must be more than 2.5 metres wide and would be judged by its beautiful design, sound of "aek"-a sound-making device attached to the kite, and the way it floats in the sky. There are also colourful kite parades, folk performances, shows, and booth display of local products during the event.

🌀 **Phrachao Yai Wat Hong Homage-paying Fair** (งานนมัสการพระเจ้าใหญ่วัดหงษ์) Is held in Amphoe Phutthaisong during the 14th day of the waxing moon to the 1st day of the waning moon in the 3rd lunar month of every year. It is a fair to pay homage to and for applying gold leaf on the Phrachao Yai of Wat Hong, a highly revered Buddha image of Buri Ram. There are numerous merit-making ceremonies and fun-filled activities.

🌀 **Buddha's Footprint Homage-paying Fair** (งานนมัสการรอยพระพุทธรูปจำลอง) The event takes place at Khao Kradong, Amphoe Mueang, on the full moon day of the 3rd lunar month. A large number of local people would go to pay homage to the replica of the Buddha's footprint and Phra Suphattharabopit image and enjoy the big celebration.

🌀 **Rice Porridge Tradition and Tak Bat Thewo** (งานสืบสานประเพณีกวนข้าวทิพย์และตักบาตรเทโวโรหณะ) This event is held at Wat Phra Phuttabat Khao Kradong on the 15th evening of the waxing moon of the 11th lunar month. Before the beginning of the ceremony, 4 women give alms and recite chants. There is a long drum procession 3 times around the temple. Monks will pray simultaneously with the sound of the drums. After this, the pan is put on the stove and the 4 women will start to stir the rice mixture as it is poured with Buddhists joining in. When the rice porridge is made, it will be packaged to offer to the monks in the morning of the next day that is the 1st evening of the waning moon of the 11th lunar month or Tak Bat Thewo Day when 199 monks will come down from Khao Kradong that has a stairway of 297 steps. There are also other activities including group praying contest and rice porridge making contest.

Example of Tour Programmes

Route 1 : Day Tour . . . Relax

- 09.00 Hrs. Depart from the accommodation in Amphoe Mueang, Buri Ram province and go to the City Pillar Shrine.
- 09.15 Hrs. Pay homage to the City Pillar Shrine for good luck and see the differences of the Shrine with 2 pillars in which there are very few in Thailand.
- 10.00 Hrs. Depart for the King Rama I the Great Monument.
- 10.10 Hrs. Pay homage to the King Rama I the Great Monument, the founder of Buri Ram City.
- 10.30 Hrs. Depart for the I-Mobile Stadium.
- 10.45 Hrs. See the I-Mobile Stadium of the renowned football team "Buriram United", which is FIFA standard. It is attractive and the most modern in Thailand. The Stadium can hold 32,600 spectators. Buy a souvenir from the football club of the "Thunder Castle".
- 12.00 Hrs. Lunch.
- 13.00 Hrs. Leave for Khao Kradong Forest Park to pay homage to Phra Suphattharabophit and the Buddha's footprint inside the ancient laterite sandstone stupa enshrined on top of Khao Kradong. See the beautiful scenic view from the area around the crater of this ancient volcano and top of this mountain. Be excited walking by using the suspension bridge (slider), descend into the crater and see the marvellous plant species, which is the result of *Schreberaswietenioides* Roxb. that is rare and only found in legends that grows upward in accordance with the old volcano.
- 15.00 Hrs. Depart for Wat Pha Khao Noi to see Phra Borom That Chedi Sri Suwachana Khu Nanuson, an ancient Khmer sandstone sanctuary and pay homage to Luangpu Suwat inside the chedi for auspiciousness.
- 16.00 Hrs. Leave for the Huai Talat Non-Hunting Area or Sanam Bin Reservoir Non-Hunting Area. See more than 150 species of indigenous and migratory birds; relax in a cool atmosphere by the bank of the reservoir.
- 17.00 Hrs. Return to Buri Ram City.

Route 2 : Traces of the Stone Castles, Local Volcanoes, Learn about Local Silk

- 08.00 Hrs. Depart from the accommodation in Amphoe Mueang, Buri Ram province and go to "Nong Ta Kai" Silk Village.
- 08.45 Hrs. See the procedure of growing white mulberry for silk and weaving silk from the beginning to the process and

creativity of the designs on the cloth of the people of Ban Nong Ta Kai and Nong Ta Kai Noi, who have woven silk since ancient times at the "Nong Ta Kai" Silk Village.

- 09.30 Hrs. Depart for Prasat Nong Hong (It is about 100 metres from the Lam Nang Rong Dam).
- 10.30 Hrs. Learn about Khmer Bapuon art on a stone sanctuary of the 11th century at Prasat Nong Hong. It has 3 prangs made of brick on a laterite base.
- 11.00 Hrs. Relax and have fun with water activities at the Lam Nang Rong Dam and enjoy eating menus of fresh fish from the baskets by the bank of the Dam.
- 11.30 Hrs. Lunch.
- 12.30 Hrs. Depart for Amphoe Chaloeam Phra Kiat.
- 13.30 Hrs. See the beauty of the Phanom Rung Historical Park, an important ancient site that was established on the top of an extinct volcano. It is made of pink sandstone and is the only one of its type in Thailand.
- 14.30 Hrs. Leave for Prasat Hin Mueang Tam, a Khmer stone sanctuary with beautiful architecture that is another outstanding place of Buri Ram province. It was constructed in the 10th-13th centuries to be a Hindu temple.
- 15.30 Hrs. Depart for Wat Khao Angkhan.
- 16.00 Hrs. Pay homage to the Buddha image at Wat Khao Angkhan, a temple on top of Khao Angkhan, an extinct volcano. The pavilions and various buildings were constructed as replicas of architecture of various eras. The variations are strangely attractive. Inside the ordination hall are wall murals about the Buddhist Jataka tales in English language. In the area of the temple are numerous Bai Sema boundary stones of the Dvaravati Era that were discovered here.
- 17.00 Hrs. Dinner and check into the accommodation in Buri Ram province.

Route 3 : Absorb Dharma. Enjoy the Silk Route, Pay Homage to Sacred Objects

- 08.00 Hrs. Head for Amphoe Khu Mueang.
- 08.30 Hrs. Experience adventure with replicas of the world's wonders that have been adapted to be exciting activities; such as, abseiling from the Eiffel Tower, climbing the Great Wall of China, the Tower Bridge of rope, etc. Bring the whole family and kids to have fun in the Kid Zone to feed the sheep at Play La Ploen Resort and Adventure Camp.

- 10.00 Hrs. Leave for Amphoe Phutthaisong.
- 10.30 Hrs. Pay homage to Phrachao Yai Wat Hong, a sacred object that the people of Buri Ram province and nearby areas highly respect. Request for a blessing to receive a promotion in work and various kinds of good luck.
- 11.00 Hrs. Depart for the Ban Na Pho Weaving Group.
- 11.15Hrs. See the production of quality silk at the Ban Na Pho Weaving Group in which the members of the Royal Folk Arts and Craft Centre weave silk to be an OTOP product and send to be sold at the Foundation of the Promotion of Supplementary Occupations and Related Techniques of Her Majesty Queen Sirikit of Thailand (SUPPORT), Chitralada Palace as well as in the world market; e.g., Italy, France, the USA, etc.
- 12.00 Hrs. Lunch.
- 13.00 Hrs. Depart for Amphoe Satuek.
- 14.00 Hrs. Pay homage to the large tall standing Buddha image by the bank of the Mun River and the Chaopho Wang Krut Shrine, a sacred site that every long-tail boat will race in the annual competition for the King's Cup. There is also a procession of long-tail boats before the competition that is a tradition unlike anywhere else.
- 15.00 Hrs. Depart for Amphoe Ban Dan.
- 15.30 Hrs. See Phra Mahathat Rattana Chedi Sri Buri Ram at Wat Ko Kaeo ThudongSathan, a major stupa of Buri Ram province. It is a sacred place of worship in remembrance of the Buddha. It is a 4-tiered chedi of contemporary art blended with Khmer art.
- 16.30 Hrs. Return to Buri Ram province, have dinner and check into the accommodation in Buri Ram province.

Route 4 : Welcome the AEC: "Travel to 2 Channels of the Khmer Civilization" (5 Days 4 Nights)

Day 1

- 08.00 Hrs. Depart from Bangkok to go to the Phanom Rung Historical Park, Buri Ram province.
- 12.00 Hrs. Lunch.
- 13.30 Hrs. See the pink sandstone sanctuary that was constructed in the 10th-14th centuries on the top of an extinct volcano at the Phanom Rung Historical Park, Amphoe Chaloem Phra Kiat, Buri Ram province.
- 15.00 Hrs. Visit the ancient Khmer religious place where you can discover the differences of art of the bald Naga surrounding the pond in 4 directions at Prasat Hin Mueang Tam,

Amphoe Prakhon Chai, Buri Ram province.

- 17.00 Hrs. Dinner.
- 18.00 Hrs. Check into the accommodation in Buri Ram province.

Day 2

- 07.00 Hrs. Breakfast at the accommodation.
- 08.00 Hrs. Leave for the Elephant Village, Amphoe Tha Tum, Surin province.
- 10.00 Hrs. See the way of life of the people that raise elephants like a member of the family. See the loveliness and intelligence of more than 300 elephants at the Elephant Village, Amphoe Tha Tum, Surin province.
- 12.00 Hrs. Lunch.
- 13.00 Hrs. Depart for the Ban SawangChansoma Golden Brocade Village.
- 14.30 Hrs. See the weaving of ancient gold-brocaded silk of the ancient royal court designs as well as experience the amazing silk weaving process and learn about the wisdom of dyeing using natural colours of the people of Surin at the Ban SawangChansoma Golden Brocade Village, Amphoe Mueang, Surin province.
- 17.00 Hrs. Dinner.
- 18.00 Hrs. Check into the accommodation in Surin province.

Day 3

- 07.00 Hrs. Breakfast at the accommodation.
- 08.00 Hrs. Depart for Siem Reap, Cambodia passing through the Chong Chom Border Checkpoint, Amphoe Kap Choeng, Surin province. Discover and verify the fascinating grandeur of a religious centre of importance that has survived a thousand years till the present at Angkor Wat, Siem Reap.
- Dinner and check into the accommodation in Siem Reap.

Day 4

- 07.00 Hrs. Breakfast at the accommodation. See Banteay Srey/ Bayon and Ta Prohm.
- 12.00 Hrs. Lunch.
- 15.00 Hrs. Return to Thailand via the Chong Sa-nga border checkpoint, Amphoe Phu Sing, Si Sa Ket province.
- 17.00 Hrs. Dinner.
- 18.00 Hrs. Check into the accommodation in Si Sa Ket province.

Day 5

- 07.00 Hrs. Breakfast at the accommodation.

- 08.00 Hrs. Leave for Wat Pa Maha Chedi Kaeo.
- 09.30 Hrs. See the temple that was constructed and decorated in accordance with Buddhist art from many coloured bottles. It has a nickname of “Wat Lan Khuat” at Wat Pa Maha Chedi Kaeo.
- 10.30 Hrs. Travel to the Phra Viharn National Park.
- 12.00 Hrs. Lunch.
- 13.30 Hrs. See the panoramic view between Thailand and Cambodia and the carved reliefs of 3 deities on the cliff at Mo I-Dang Cliff, Amphoe Kantharalak, Si Sa Ket province.
- 14.30 Hrs. Return to Si Sa Ket province.
- 16.00 Hrs. Stop to buy souvenirs at Kit Tiang/ Ban Khun Amphai Phanit.
- 18.00 Hrs. Dinner.
- 19.30 Hrs. Return to Bangkok by train with sleeper car No. 68.

Local Products and Souvenirs

The unique fabric of Buri Ram province is Pha Hang Krarok that originated from the integration of designs between Pha Sin Tin Daeng and Pha Hang Krarok. This resulted in the outstanding beauty of the cloth that is appropriate to be the identity of the province. It can be used in traditional festivals and various important occasions. The source of the weaving production is located at Amphoe Na Pho and Amphoe Krasang.

Cotton dyed with volcanic soil comes from the wisdom of the Ban Charoensuk Weaving Group (in the area of Khao Angkhan). It is known as a uniqueness of Buri Ram province that is a volcanic locality in which the cotton fabric passes through volcanic mud fermentation and different processes till becoming a light colour (brown and grey) that is soft and comfortable to wear.

Besides this, there is beautiful silk and cotton from Amphoe Na Pho, Khmer-style sandstone carvings from Amphoe Pakham, tasty prawns and fish and krayasat from Amphoe Prakhon Chai, delicious pork leg from Amphoe Nang Rong, Chinese sausage and grilled chicken from Amphoe Lam Plai Mat, sweet Chinese radish made in the traditional way with honey from Amphoe Krasang, and basketry of Amphoe Satuek. Besides being sold in shops in the city, these products can be found at important tourist attractions; such as, Prasat Hin Phanom Rung and Prasat Hin Mueang Tam. There are also various other local products of Buri Ram and the surrounding provinces on sale for tourists.

Local Product and Souvenir Shop

Amphoe Mueang Buri Ram

Aung Leang Ha (ร้านอิงเลี้ยงฮะ) 234/3 Suntorn Phep Rd., Tel. 0 4461 1347, 0 4461 2545 (Chinese pork sausage, shredded pork).

Ban Kanom Tien Kaeo (บ้านขนมเทียนแก้ว) Soi Suchat Parad Mueang Rd., Tel. 0 4462 1351, 08 6264 1326

Lai Mai (ร้านลายไหม) Rom Buri Rd., Tel. 0 4461 2597 (cotton and silk fabric).

Leang Huad (ร้านเลี้ยงฮวด) 2/10 Si Phet Rd., Tel. 0 4461 1552 (Chinese pork sausage, shredded pork, pounded pork, sun-dried pork, and preserved radish).

Amphoe Na Pho

Ban Na Pho Local Handicraft Centre (ศูนย์หัตถกรรมพื้นบ้านนาโพธิ์) Tel. 0 4468 6157, 08 1967 3489 (see the silk production process and purchase silk cloth).

Ran Pha Tum Tong (ร้านผ้าตุ้มทอง) 119/4 Mu 1 Setthakit Rd., Tambon Na Pho Tel. 0 4468 6044, 08 4960 4291 (produce and sell silk cloth).

Amphoe Prakhon Chai

Mea Phano (ร้านแม่พนอ) 22/3 Amnuai Kit Rd., Tel. 0 4467 1464 (Salted prawn, Krayasat).

Wasana Kung Jom (วาสนากุ้งจ่อม) 105 Mu 3 Tel. 0 4467 1003 (Kung Jom, Krayasat).

Amphoe Nang Rong

Ban Kanom (บ้านขนม) 461-463 in front of Sa Ya Ma Market, Prachanta Ket Rd., Tambon Nang Rong Tel. 0 4463 1165, 08 1264 5169 (Thai dessert, Bakery).

Kong Fak Ban Kanom (ร้านของฝากบ้านขนม) 57/3 Chok Chai-Det Udom Rd., Tambon Hak Tel. 0 4462 2442 (Kanom Sommanus, Wanam Rung Cake, Thai dessert).

Krua Pak Kad (ครัวפקกาด) 115 Pracha Santisuk Rd., Tel. 0 4463 1348 (Thai dessert, Cookie).

Nang Rong OTOP Centre (ศูนย์ OTOP นางรอง) 727/2 Chok Chai-Det Udom Rd., Tel. 0 4463 3686 (Local Product, Souvenirs).

Phu Rung (ร้านภูรุ่ง) Chok Chai-Det Udom Rd., Tel. 0 4462 4227 (Bakery, Souvenirs, Thai dessert).

Facilities in Buri Ram

Accommodation

Room rates are subject to change. Please check with your hotel before checking in.

Amphoe Mueang Buri Ram

Amari Buriram United (อมาริ บูรีรัมย์ยูไนเต็ด) 444 Mu 15, Buri Ram-Prakhon Chai Rd., Tambon Isan, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4411 1444, 60 rooms, 2,119-8,000 Baht.

Alvarez (อัลวาเรส โฮเต็ล) 139 Mu 3, Tambon Nai Mueang, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4461 1555, 102 room, 1,200-4,500 Baht.

At Baoburi (แอตบาวบุรี) 333 Banhuai, Tambon Isan, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4469 0227, 40 rooms, 500-600 Baht.

B2 Boutique (บีทูบูติก) 33/5 Anuwat Rd., Tambon Nai Mueang, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 2222 1133, 60 rooms, 440-700 Baht.

Best Western Royal Buriram (เบสเวสเทิร์นรอยัล บูรีรัมย์) 332/22-23 Chira Rd., Tambon Nai Mueanf, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4466 6600, 79 rooms, 1,400-1,650 Baht.

Buri Ram Siri Resort (บูรีรัมย์ สิริ รีสอร์ท) 555 Mu 7, Soi banhuai, Tambon Isan, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4469 0055, 08 7646 5706, 08 5682 5195, 0 4469 0044, 30 rooms, 450-600 Baht. www.siriresort.com

Buritel Hotel (บุรีเทล โฮเต็ล) 512/1 Hanchana Rd., Tambon Nai Mueang, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4461 2688, 79 rooms, 1,200-4,000 Baht.

Chai Charoen (ชัยเจริญ) 114-116 Niwat Rd., Tel. 0 4461 1559, Fax 0 4461 1205, 20 rooms, 120-180 Baht.

Cresco Hotel Buri Ram (เครสโค โฮเต็ลบูรีรัมย์) 333 Mu 4, Buri Ram-Prakhon Chai Rd., Tambon Isan, Tel. 0 4463 4901, 40 rooms, 1,300-4,000 Baht.

D Sine Resort (ดีทราย รีสอร์ท) 314 Mu 14, Ban Suankrua, Tambon Isan, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4466 6755, 16 rooms, 500-700 Baht.

Dimon Grand Hotel (ไดมอนด์ แกรนด์ โฮเต็ล) 254 Soi 2 Chira Rd., Tel. 0 4462 5894-5, 64 rooms, 450-850 Baht.

Grand Garden Home Resort (แกรนด์การ์เด้นโฮม รีสอร์ท) 480 Mu 10 Ban Hualing, Tambon Isan, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 08 2879 3651, 18 rooms, 640-1,500 Baht.

Grand Hotel (แกรนด์ โฮเต็ล) 137 Niwat Rd., Tel. 0 4461 1089, 0 4461 1179, Fax 0 4461 2358, 90 rooms, 210-350 Baht.

GT Residence (จีทีเรสซิเดนซ์) 234 Mu 9, Ban Hualing, Tambon Isan, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4411 9824, 20 rooms, 990-1,490 Baht.

Hop Inn Buri Ram (โรงแรมฮ็อปปินน์ บูรีรัมย์) 517/27 Chira Rd., Tambon Nai Mueang, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 08 4460 1699, 79 rooms, 600-1,000 Baht.

Jintana Resort (โรงแรมจินตนา รีสอร์ท) 416 Mu 8, Tambon Isan, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4462 0150, 08 9163 6026, Fax 0 4462 0150, 49 rooms, 450-2,200 Baht. www.jintanaresort.com

Judy Park & Resort (จูดีพาร์คแอนด์รีสอร์ท) 539 Mu 11, Tambon Samet, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4411 6152, 24 rooms, 600-2,350 Baht.

Kesorn Boutique Hotel (เกษรบูติก โฮเต็ล) 381,381/1 Mu 11, Ban Chumhed, Tambon Chumhed, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4411 1554, 36 rooms, 1,200 Baht.

Klim Hotel (โรงแรมคลิม โฮเต็ล) 1/114-115 Tambon Nai Mueang, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4462 5393-5, 0 4460 1989, Fax 0 4462 5394-5, 58 rooms, 750-1,800 Baht. www.klimhotel.com

Laviva (ลาวิวา) 36/1 Sansuk Rd., Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4461 3979, 48 rooms, 690-1,290 Baht.

Mamaison (โรงแรมมาเมซอง) 388 Mu 9, Tambon Isan, Mueang, Buriram Tel. 0 4462 0070, 0 4462 0080, 38 rooms, 1,550-3,000 Baht. www.mamaisonburiram.com

Muang Resort Buriram (เมือง รีสอร์ท บูรีรัมย์) 514/59 Tambon Nai Mueang, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 04461 2032, 9 rooms, 1,500 Baht. www.muangresort-buriram.com

Na Buri Ram Resort (ณ บูรีรัมย์ รีสอร์ท) 56 Mu 16, Tambon Samet Thetsaban, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 09 3559 8448, 11 rooms, 450 Baht.

NPHotel (เอ็นพีโฮเต็ล) 453 Mu 17, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4462 0444, 41 rooms, 600-800 Baht.

Phanom Piman (พนมพิมาน) inside Buriram Rajabhat University, Chira Rd., Tel. 0 4462 1205-7, Fax 0 4462 1205, 40 rooms, 500 Baht.

Ploy Resort (พลอย รีสอร์ท) 6/11 Bu Lamduan Rd., Tambon Nai Mueang, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4461 1554, Fax 0 4461 1554, 24 rooms, 700-1,000 Baht. www.ployresort.com

Rey Hotel (เรย์ โฮเต็ล) 515 Mu 8, Bulamduan Rd., Tambon Isan, Mueang, Buri Ram, Tel 08 8594 3084, 44 rooms, 790-1,490 Baht.

Ruentara Resort Buri Ram (เรือนารา รีสอร์ท บูรีรัมย์) 26/1-42 Ongkan Borihan Suan Tambon Isan-Bannonghualing Rd., Tambon Isan, Mueang, Buri Ram, Tel. 0 4466 6932, 53 rooms, 550-2,000 Baht.

Siam Boutique (สยามบูติก) 29/12 In Chan Narong Rd., Tel. 0 4462 5519, Fax 0 4462 5519 press 8, 22 rooms, 600-950 Baht.

Siriporn Hotel (สิริพร โฮเต็ล) 1/141 Lamduan, Tambon Nai Mueang, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4460 1102, 55 rooms, 260-450 Baht.

SkyView Resort (สกายวิว รีสอร์ท) 58 Mu 16, Prakhon Chai-Buri Ram Rd., Tambon Samet, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4462 5288, 60 rooms, 500-800 Baht.

Srianunt Boutique (ศรีอนันต์บูติก รีสอร์ท) 888/8 Mu 7, Buriram-Narong, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4466 6996, 26 rooms, 1,200-3,000 Baht.

Thada Chateau Buri Ram (ธาดา ชาโตว์ บูรีรัมย์) 219 Mu 18, Buri Ram-Prakhon Chai Rd., Tambon Isan, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4466 6616, 48 rooms, 1,200-4,000 Baht.

Thai Hotel (ไทยโฮเต็ล) 38/1 Rom Buri Rd., Tel. 0 4461 2461, 35 rooms, 220-400 Baht.

Thansila Resort Buri Ram (ธารศิลา รีสอร์ท บูรีรัมย์) 55 Mu 15, Tambon Isan, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4462 1555, 40 rooms, 365-1,050 Baht.

The Circle Hotel (เดอะเซอร์เคิล โฮเต็ล) 254 Soi 2, Chiranakorn Rd., Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4460 2222, 58 rooms, 900-1,200 Baht.

The S Hotel (เดอะเอส โฮเต็ล) 1/118 Bulamduan Rd., Tambon Nai Mueang, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4411 1135, 48 rooms, 750-800 Baht.

The S.G. Hotel (เดอะเอสจี โฮเต็ล) 555/1 Mu 8, Chira Rd., Tambon Isan, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4411 4900, 30 rooms, 900-1,500 Baht.

The Sita Princese (เดอสิตา ปริ๊นเซส) 528/48 Tambon Nai Mueang, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4462 5401-2, 67 rooms, 760-1,500 Baht.

The Villa (เดอะวิลล่า) 199 Mu 7, Tambon Isan, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4466 6820, 77 rooms, 400-500 Baht.

The Zell Budget Hotel Buri Ram (เดอะเซลส์ บัดเจ็ต โฮเต็ล บูรีรัมย์) 500 Mu 3, Tambon Isan, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4461 8999, 50 rooms, 635-1,200 Baht.

Thepnakorn Hotel (เทพนคร) 139 Chira Rd., Tel. 0 4461 3400-2, 0 4462 1082, Fax 0 4461 3400, 165 rooms, 400-2,700 Baht, www.thepnakornhotel.com

Tulip Hotel (ทิวลิป โฮเต็ล) 514/59 Hanchana Rd., Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4461 2032, 8 rooms, 1,400-4,000 Baht.

Uang Fah Resort (เอื้องฟ้า รีสอร์ท) 219 Tambon Isan, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4461 3382, 38 rooms, 300-450 Baht.

Viranya Resort (วีรัญญา รีสอร์ท) 999 Mu 7, Ban Huai, Tambon Isan, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4469 0022, 59 rooms, 550-2,500 Baht.

White Day Hotel (ไวท์เดย์ โฮเต็ล) 20/5-7 Palad Mueang Rd., Tambon Nai Mueang, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4461 1976, 47 rooms, 600-1,000 Baht.

X2 Vibe Buriram Hotel (ครอสทิวไรน์ บูรีรัมย์ โฮเต็ล) 405 Mu 10, Tambon Isan, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4463 4678, 68 rooms, 2,300-3,000 Baht.

Amphoe Nang Rong

Akelada Hotel (โรงแรมเอกลดา) 198/134-136 Tambon Nang Rong, Nang Rong, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4462 2199, Fax 0 4462 2177, 60 rooms, 650-3,000 Baht.

Ban Kieng Dao Resort (บ้านเคียงดาว รีสอร์ท) 91 Tambon Thanon Hak, Nang Rong, Buri Ram (Chok Chai-Det Udom Rd.), Tel. 08 1266 2797, 12 rooms, 250-400 Baht.

Ban So Resort (บ้านเสา รีสอร์ท) 34 Nang Rong-Buri Ram Rd., Tel. 0 4463 1631, 08 1660 2223, 13 houses, 280-1,500 Baht.

Community Based Integrated Rural Development-Nang Rong or CBIRD-Nang Rong (ศูนย์พัฒนาชนบทผสมผสานนางรอง หรือ ศูนย์ซีเบอร์ดนางรอง) 81 Mu 6, Chok Chai-Det Udom Rd., Tambon Nang Bot, Tel. 0 4465 7084, 0 4465 7145-7, Fax 0 4465 7145, 44 rooms, 240-1,500 Baht, with meeting and semina rooms and restaurant, www.pda.or.th/nangrong.

Honey Inn (ฮันนี่ อินน์) 8/1 Soi Si Kun, Ban Nong Ri, Tel. 0 4462 2825, 9 rooms, 150-350 Baht.

Nang Rong (โรงแรมนางรอง) 243 Pradit Pana Rd., Tel. 0 4463 1014, 0 4463 1465, 28 rooms, 250-600 Baht.

P California (พี แคลิฟอร์เนีย) 59/9 Sangkhakrit Burana Rd., Tambon Nang Rong, Tel. 0 4462 2214, 08 1808 3347, 14 rooms, 300-900 Baht. www.geocities.com/california8gh

Phanom Rung Puri (โรงแรมพนมรุ้งบุรี) 212 Nang Rong-Ram Paimas Rd., Nang Rong, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4463 2222, 62 rooms, 1,400-4,500 Baht. www.phanomrungpuri.co.th

Ploy Resort (พลอย รีสอร์ท) 39 Soi Prachuap Oui Cham, Nang Rong, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4463 3655, 14 rooms, 450-1,200 Baht.

Pob Suk Resort (พบสุขรีสอร์ท) 725 Chok Chai-Det Udom Rd., Tel. 0 4463 1619, 50 rooms, 250-600 Baht.

Ruean Nang Rong Resort (เรือนางรอง รีสอร์ท) 44/1-2 Oppsite the Water Supply, Sri Kanraya Rd., Tel. 0 4462 2385, Fax 0 4462 2745, 50 rooms, 350-600 Baht.

Sakun Keao Resort (สกุลแก้ว รีสอร์ท) 40 Mu 11, Tambon Thanon Hak, Tel. 0 4462 4534, 08 1390 1138, 08 9583 3564, 15 rooms, 350-1,200 Baht.

Suan Mak Resort (สวนหมาก รีสอร์ท) 11 Soi Rungrueng Ban Chabuak, Tambon Nang Rong, Nang Rong, Buri Ram Tel. 09 3106 1978, 24 rooms, 600-700 Baht.

Socol Grand (โซคูลแกรนด์) 204 Sapakitkoston Rd., Tambon Nang Rong
Tel. 04463 2333, 44 rooms, 900-2,100 Baht.

The Park Nang Rong Resort (เดอะพาร์ค นางรอง รีสอร์ท) 445/10
Pradit Pana Rd., Tambon Nang Rong, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4463 3778,
24 rooms, 600-1,200 Baht. www.theparknangrong.com

Amphoe Non Din Daeng

Amarin (อัมรินทร์ รีสอร์ท) 206 Ban Klom Pong, Tambon Non Din Daeng
Tel. 08 4471 5359, 7 house, 700 Baht.

Deschner Resort (ดีชเนอร์ รีสอร์ท) 128 Mu 9, Ban Non Din Daeng,
Tambon Non Din Daeng Tel. 08 4961 0296, 5 house (house
1 room), 700 Baht.

Din Daeng Resort (ดินแดง รีสอร์ท) 111 Mu 11, Non Din Daeng-
Aranya Prathat Rd., (Km.92) Tambon Lam Nang Rong, Tel.
08 1999 6729, 11 house, 250-450 Baht.

Lam Nang Rong Dam's House (บ้านพักเขื่อนลำนางรอง) contact
Lam Nang Rong Operation and Maintenance Project Office, Tel.
0 4460 6336, 08 6874 9149, 08 1790 2479, 7 houses, 100 Baht
per person.

Non Din Daeng Hotel (โรงแรมโนนดินแดง) 47 Mu 7, Non Din Daeng,
Buri Ram Tel. 0 4460 6165, 08 6255 4175, 16 rooms, 250-300 Baht.

Non Thong (โนนทอง) 6/5 Mu 6, Tambon Non Din Daeng Tel.
0 4460 6196, 08 7088 8636, 28 rooms, 160-1,200 Baht.

Phu Pana Champing (ภูพานาแคมป์ปิ้ง) 110 Mu 11, Ban Forest
Cooperative, Tambon Lam Nang Rong, Non Din Daeng, Buri Ram
Tel. 08 1976 8787, 9 house, 250-450 Baht.

SorChokDee Resort (ส.โชคดี รีสอร์ท) 26 Mu 8, Tambon Non Din Daeng,
Non Din Daeng, Buri Ram Tel. 08 1266 3316, 08 9949 7756,
21 house, 350-450 Baht.

Amphoe Prakhon Chai

Hotel de L'amour (โฮเทลเดอร์ลามู) 8/8 Mu 8, Ckok Chai-Det Udom Rd.,
Tel. 0 4465 1555, 36 rooms, 3,500-9,500 Baht.

Prakhon Chai Resort (ประโคนชัย รีสอร์ท) 150 Mu 6, Ckok Chai-
Det Udom Rd., Tel. 0 4467 1288, 08 1955 9089, 30 rooms,
250-500 Baht.

Ruean Siri Resort (เรือนสิริ รีสอร์ท) 273 Mu 5, Tambon Prakhon
Chai, Prakhon Chai, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4467 0908, 08 3727 7666,
43 rooms, 400-700 Baht.

Viang Chai Resort (เวียงชัย รีสอร์ท) 61 Mu 8, Ckok Chai-Det Udom Rd.,
Tel. 0 4465 1151, 34 rooms, 350-1,000 Baht.

Amphoe Chaloe Phra Kiat

Ban Din Mueang Hin Resort (บ้านดิน เมืองหิน รีสอร์ท) 1 Mu 11,
Ban Don Mafai, Tel. 0 4462 8019, 10 rooms, 350-500 Baht.

Don Ngam Resort (ดอนงาม รีสอร์ท) 223 Mu 11, Don Ngam Phattana,
Tambon Ta Pak, Tel. 08 1264 1976, 08 1282 3264, 08 1393 0339,
16 rooms, 380-1,300 Baht.

Smart Resort (สมาร์ท รีสอร์ท) 136 Mu 3, Tambon Tapek Tel.
08 1547 0550, 9 rooms, 350 Baht.

Amphoe Lam Plai Mat

**Community based Integrated Rural Development-Lam Plai Mat
or CBIRD-Lam Plai Mat** (ศูนย์พัฒนาชนบทผสมผสานลำปลายมาศ
หรือศูนย์ซีเบอร์ดลำปลายมาศ) 130 Mu 13, Tambon Khok Klang,
Tel. 0 4463 2004, Fax 0 4463 2004, 11 rooms, 100-800 Baht.

Amphoe Phutthai Song

Rattana Suk (รัตนสุข) 155 Mu 6, Tambon Ban Jan, Tel. 0 4465 5392,
20 rooms, 150-350 Baht.

Amphoe Khu Mueang

Play La Ploen Resort (เพล ลา เพลิน รีสอร์ท) 252 Thetsaban,
Klu Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4469 9435, 08 7797 6425, 20 rooms,
2,500-3,500 Baht. www.playlaploen.com

Restaurants

Amphoe Mueang Buri Ram

Arbang Khao Mok Kai (อาบังข้าวหมกไก่) Bulamduan Rd., Tel.
08 7244 0717 (Islam food)

Aood Pla Phaw (อ้อดปลาเผา) Lieng Mueang Rd., Side the college
of Agriculture Buri Ram, Tel. 08 1877 1913

Aow Aung (อ้าวอึ้ง) Palad Mueang Rd., Tel. 0 4462 5177 (Thai food)

Bagnii (บักนี) 219 Chira Rd., Tambon Nai Mueang, Mueang, Buri
Ram Tel. 08 3731 9797 (Thai-International food)

Bambu Bar Restaurant (แบมบูบาร์ เรสเทอรรอง) 14/13 Rom Buri Rd.,
Tel. 0 4462 5577 (International food)

Ban Chay Nam (บ้านชายน้ำ) 456 Tambon Isan, Mueang, Buri Ram
Tel. 0 4462 0713

Ban Pu Tawan (บ้านภูตะวัน) Chira Rd., Tel. 0 4461 7124

Book & Bed (บุ๊ก แอนด์ เบด) 524/13 Chira Rd., Tambon Nai Mueang,
Mueang, Buri Ram, Tel. 0 4460 1671-3 [www.painaidii.com/
business/136839/book-and-bed-31000/lang/th/](http://www.painaidii.com/business/136839/book-and-bed-31000/lang/th/) (Thai-International
food)

Chok Li Khit (โชคลิขิต) 246/14 Niwat Rd., Tel. 0 4461 2665
(Isan food)

Chef Plus Café Bistro (เชฟพลัสคาเฟ่ บิสโทร) 674/6 Mu 1 Tambon Isan, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 09 5604 1487 (Thai-International food)

E-San (อีसान) Palad Mueang Rd., Tel. 0 4462 1832 (Isan food)

Kai Yang Sida (ไก่อ่างสีดา) Sunthonthep Rd., Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 08 9720 4297 (Isan food)

Khao Tom Ti Pak 2 (ข้าวต้มตีภาค 2) Palad Mueang Rd., Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 4462 1448 (Thai food)

Khit Theung Bakery (คิดถึงเบเกอรี่) Chira Thetsaban, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4461 1249 (Thai food, Bakery)

Khun Pri Kitchen (คุณไพ คีทเชน) Buri Ram-Nang Rong Rd., Tel. 0 4469 0005, 04461 4651 (Thai-Chinese-Vietnam food)

Krua Ban Lin (ครัวบ้านลิน) 224 Mu 1 (Shell gas station Km.5) Buri Ram-Nang Rong Rd., Tambon Krasang, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4469 0239, 08 8128 4176, 08 9665 6411

Krua Khun Yay (ครัวคุณยาย) Buri Ram-Surin Rd., Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 08 1977 6913 (Thai-Isan food)

Krua Pimai Mieng Pla Phaow (ครัวพิมาย เมี่ยงปลาเผา) 16-16/1 Romburi Thetsaban, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 08 4311 3522 (Thai-Isan food)

Kuoy Teaw Mue Kit Ngam Lerd (ก๋วยเตี๋ยวหมูกิจงามเลิศ) 12/27 Palad Mueang Rd., Tel 0 4461 4158 (Noodles, Dessert)

Kuoy Teaw Nong Kai Dang Dang (ก๋วยเตี๋ยวน่องไก่ดั่งดั่ง) 367/71-72 Chira Rd., Tel. 0 4461 1763

Madam Tean/Khun Pri Nam Nueang (มาดามเตียน/คุณไพแหม่มเนื่อง) 7/7 Palad Mueang Rd., Tambon Nai Mueang Tel. 0 4461 4651

Mai Tri Jit (ไมตรีจิต) 169/2-3 Sunthonthep Rd., Tel. 0 4461 1538 (Thai food-bakery-breakfast).

Ruan Thong (เรือนทอง) 52/3 Anuwat Rd., Tel. 08 7722 1629

Rung Rueng Restaurant (รุ่งเรืองภัตตาคาร) 34 Niwat Rd., Tel. 0 4461 1778, 0 4461 1375 (Thai-Chinese food)

Steak Coffee (สเต็กคอฟฟี่) Han Chana Rd., Tel. 0 4461 2032 (International food)

Song Phi Nong (สองพี่น้อง) 142 Mu 19, Tambon Sakae Sam, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 08 0096 3885 (Thai-Isan food)

Tawandaeng Buri Ram (ตะวันแดงบุรีรัมย์) Soi Suchat-Nakhon, Tambon Nai Mueang, Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4462 5851 (Thai food)

Amphoe Nang Rong

Ban Tonmai (บ้านต้นไม้ม) 222/15 Chok Chai-Det Udom Rd., Tel. 0 4463 1635 (Thai-Chinese food).

20 Coin Hor Som Tam (ร้าน 20 เหรียญ และห่อส้มตำ) 170 Prachan Taket Rd., Tel. 0 4462 4633 (papaya salad-A la carte-Roast beef-Seafood)

Ging Nam (จิ้งน้ำ) 396-398 Chok Chai-Det Udom Rd., Opposite Government Savings Bank, Tel. 0 4463 1473, 08 1790 7808

Imm Aroi (อิมอรอย) 57 Sri Phu Charoen Rd., Tel. 08 1264 2300 (Thai-Chinese-International-A la carte)

Khon Kean (ร้านอาหารขอนแก่น) 100 Pracha Santi Suk Rd., Tambon Nang Rong Tel. 0 4462 2872 (A la carte Thai-International food)

Kuk Lek (กุกเล็ก) 3/2 Sri Phu Charoen Rd., Tel. 08 1066 8962 (Thai-Chinese food).

Kum Klao (ร้านข้าวแกงคุ้มเกล้า) Nang Rong, Buri Ram, Tel. 08 1265 6607

Lab Warin (ลาบวารินทร์) 100 Sri Phu Charoen Rd., Tambon Nang Rong Tel. 08 1588 4786 (Thai-Isan food)

Laksana Kha Mu (ลักษณาขามู) 375 Chok Chai-Det Udom Rd., Tel. 0 4463 1158, 0 4463 1774 (Thai-Chinese food).

Laksana Kha Mu New branch (ลักษณาขามูสาขาใหม่) 770/12 Chok Chai-Det Udom Rd., (Side PTT Gas station), Tel. 0 4463 1319

Phop Suk (พอสุก) 725 Chok Chai-Det Udom Rd., Tel. 0 4463 3686 (Thai-Chinese food).

Suan Ahan Ban So (สวนอาหารบ้านเสา) 34 Nang Rong-Buri Ram Rd., Tel. 08 1660 2223 (Thai-Chinese food).

Ruan Kwan (สวนอาหารเรือนขวัญ) 32/1 Phonviang Rd., Tambon Nang Rong, Tel. 0 4462 2057 (A la carte)

Tawan Ngam (ตะวันงาม) 93 Mu 1 (Along the Nong Ta Lok Reservoir), Tambon Nang Rong, Tel. 08 1725 7216 (Local food, A la carte)

Tawan Khem (สวนอาหารตะวันเข้ม) 122/1 Mu 1, Tambon Nang Rong, Tel. 08 7962 5903 (A la carte)

Tip Sawei Seafood (ทิพย์เสวยซีฟู้ด&เนื้อย่าง) 228/1 Prachan Taket Rd., Tel. 0 4463 1712 (A la carte-Roast beef)

Amphoe Non Din Daeng

Chantana (ร้านอาหารจันทนา) 190 Mu 3, Ban Nong Samed, Tambon Lam Nang Rong, Non Din Daeng, Buri Ram Tel. 08 7260 8837

Indo-Chaina (สวนอาหารอินโดจีน) 112 Mu 3 Tambon Lam Nang Rong, Non Din Daeng, Buri Ram Tel. 08 0619 8010

Kun Dech (ร้านอาหารขุนเดช) 162 Mu 3, Ban Nong Samed, Tambon Lam Nang Rong, Non Din Daeng, Buri Ram Tel. 08 7961 2067

Kuk Tewada (ร้านสุดยอดกุกเทวดา) (In Area of Din Daeng Resort) Tel. 08 1310 6900 (A la carte-Strange food)

Krua Chom Tung (ครัวชมทุ่ง) 152 Mu 6 Ban Nong Sakae Kuan, Tambon Som Puoi, Non Din Daeng, Buri Ram Tel. 08 6152 8252, 08 9947 1229

Krua Kun Pan (ครัวคุณปาน) Ta Pla Mu 9, Tambon Non Din Daeng, Non Din Daeng, Buri Ram Tel. 08 9286 2902

Lam Nang Rong Dam Welfare Shop (ร้านค้าสวัสดิการเขื่อนลำน้ำรอง) Contact Nang Rong operation and maintenance project Tel. 0 4460 6336, 08 6874 9149, 08 1790 2479 (Thai-Chinese-International- A la carte)

Oun Lab Ubon (อ้วนลาบลูบล) 131 Mu 7 Tambon Lam Nang Rong, Non Din Daeng, Buri Ram, Tel. 0 4460 6259, 08 6861 5528

Pla Ta Chalong (ปลาท่าฉลอง) Tambon Non Din Daeng, Non Din Daeng, Buri Ram Tel. 08 1725 2944

Tarn Nam Lai (ธารน้ำไหล) Non Din Daeng-Ta Phraya Rd., Km. 81-82, Ban Lam Nang Rong, Tambon Lam Nang Rong, Non Din Daeng, Buri Ram, Tel. 08 1428 8836

U-Turn (ยูเทิร์น) 341 Mu 1 Tambon Non Din Daeng, Non Din Daeng, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4460 6095, 08 7879 9529

Amphoe Lam Pla Mat

Phoem Phun Kha Mu (เพิ่มพูนขามุ / เขียยั้งมือ) 326-330 Wangmanee Utit Rd., Tambon Lam Pla Mat, Tel. 0 4466 0202, 08 9624 4152

Amphoe Klu Mueang

Krua Sa Si Kran (Esan style applications and fish menu) (ร้านอาหารพื้นเมืองอีสานประยุกต์ และเมนูอาหารจานปลา) Prachaphattana Rd., Klu Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 08 1977 5528

Tour Operators

1.Chan Chai Holiday Tour & Service (ชาญชัยฮอลิเดย์ทัวร์ แอนด์ เซอร์วิส) 125 Mu 5 Tambon Satuek, Satuek, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4462 7127, 08 5307 8977, Fax 0 4462 7127

2.Lertsiri Travel (เลิศสิริ ทราเวล) 455/12 Mu 9, Tambon Isan, Mueang, Buri Ram 31000 Tel. 0 4460 1302, 08 7234 6380

3.Phanawan Tour (พานวัน ทัวร์) 237-239 Chok Chai-Det Udom Rd., Tambon Nang Rong, Nang Rong, Buri Ram 31110 Tel. 0 4463 1793, Fax 0 4463 1793

4.Sabai Di Tour (สบายดีทัวร์) 2/16 Soi B1, Manit Mueang Mai Village, Mu 19, Tambon Chom Hed, Mueang, Buri Ram 31000 Tel. 0 4460 1171, 08 1878 0603, Fax 0 4460 2171

5.Sri Praphi Tourism (ศรีประไพการท่องเที่ยว) 257/18 Chira Rd., Tambon Nai Mueang, Mueang, Buri Ram 31000 Tel. 0 4461 2501, 08 3115 9758

6.Tanach (ธานีช) 219 Mafueng-Srisarat Rd., Tambon Mafueng, Phutthaisong, Buri Ram 31120

7.Thai-Lao Asia Travel Service (ไทยลาว เอเชียทราเวล เซอร์วิส) 396 Mu 2, Chok Chai-Det Udom Rd., Prakhon Chai, Buri Ram 31140 Tel. 0 4467 1466, 08 1785 4026, Fax 0 4465 1179

8.Thep Nakhon Tour (เทพนครทัวร์) 139 Chira Rd., Mueang, Buri Ram Tel. 0 4461 3400-2, Fax 0 4461 3400-2

9.Three Top Adventure (ทรีท็อป แอดเวนเจอร์) 128 Mu 17 Tambon Nikhom, Satuk, Buri Ram 31150 Tel. 08 9790 5511

10.Thurakit Tour (ธรรกิจทัวร์) 319 Chira Rd., Mueang, Buri Ram 31000 Tel. 0 4462 0857, 08 1760 8690 Fax 0 4462 0857

11.Vitsawakran Travel (วิศวกาญจน์ทราเวล) 23/9-10 Bu Lamduan Rd., Tambon Nai Mueang, Mueang, Buri Ram 31000 Tel. 0 4461 3086, Fax 0 4461 3330





Useful Calls

Provincial Office	Tel. 0 4461 1170
Provincial Public Relations Office	Tel. 0 4462 1341, 0 4461 1957
Provincial Administration	
Organization	Tel. 0 4461 7689
Buri Ram Municipality	Tel. 0 4460 2345
Police Station	Tel. 0 4461 1234, 0 4461 2240
Buri Ram Hospital	Tel. 0 4462 1389
Buri Ram Post Office	Tel. 0 4461 1142, 0 4461 1122, 0 4461 1682
Buri Ram High Way Office	Tel. 0 4461 1657, 0 4461 7754, 0 4461 1898
Buri Ram Bus terminal	Tel. 0 4461 1595
Buri Ram Railway station	Tel. 0 4461 1202
Airport	Tel. 0 4468 0077
Office of Tourism and sport	Tel. 0 4461 3315, 0 4462 0171
Highway Police	Tel. 1193
Tourist Police	Tel. 1155



Tourist Information Centers

Tourism Authority of Thailand

1600 Phetchaburi Road., Makkasan Ratchathewi,
Bangkok 10400

Tel. 1672 Fax 0 2253 7440

www.tourismthailand.org

E-mail: info@tat.or.th

Open daily 08.30 a.m.-04.30 p.m.

Ministry of Tourism and Sport

4 Ratchadamnoen Nok Road, Bangkok 10100

Tel. 0 2283 1556

Open daily 08.30 a.m.-04.30 p.m.

Suvarnabhumi International Airport

Passenger Terminal, 2nd floor, Exit 3

Tel. 0 2134 0040

Open daily 24 hours

Tourism Authority of Thailand, Surin Office

355/3-6 Thetsaban 1 Road

Tambon Nai Mueang, Amphoe Mueang Surin,
Surin 32000

Tel. 0 4451 4447-8 Fax: 0 4451 8530

E-mail: tatsurin@tat.or.th

Areas of responsibility : Surin, Buri Ram

Update

August 2017